Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

GA0310184

SOUTHERN COMFORT SUBDIVISION

Annual
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Quality
Report
for the
Report for the period of January 1 to December 31, 202
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to Dece
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1, 2024
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For more information regarding this report contact:

This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.

me _ERIC JOHNSON____

__912-489-8802

SOUTHERN COMFORT SUBDIVISION is Ground Water

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre el agua que usted bebe. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Sources of Drinking Water

animals or from human activity. the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of

Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791. necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking The presence of contaminants does not

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife
- discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also

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Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population

more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office. Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. ξ

Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe

sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials

materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials

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at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have - GA0310184_2024_2025-06-26_13-58-55.RTF

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Type of Water Report Status Location

ACTIVE

SOUTHERN COMFORT DRIVE____

GW

WELL #1

Source Water Name

SWA = Source Water Assessment

Water Quality Test Results

Definitions: The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

not applicable.

milirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

bbw:

Treatment Technique or TT:

na: mrem:

06/26/2025

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Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Levels Detected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Violation Likely Source of Contamination
Fluoride	12/18/2023	0.24	0.24 - 0.24	4	4,0	ppm	Z	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.

Lead and Copper Rule

The Lead and Copper Rule protects public health by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water, primarily by reducing water corrosivity. Lead and copper enter drinking water mainly from corrosion of lead and copper containing plumbing materials.

Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
FOLLOW-UP OR ROUTINE TAP M/R (LCR)	10/01/2024	2024	We failed to test our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated. Because of this failure, we cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during the period indicated.

Samples were not pulled within the required date range/monitoring period. A more thorough logging process was implemented to avoid the issue in the future.

06/26/2025

2024 CCR Supplemental Lead and Copper CCR Information

For SOUTHERN COMFORT 0310184 Water System

exposures. Follow the instructions provided with the filter to ensure the filter is used properly. Use only cold water for drinking your family by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk exposure is possible even when your tap sampling results do not detect lead at one point in time. You can help protect yourself and pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in the plumbing in your home. Because lead levels may vary over time, leaa in home plumbing. SOUTHERN COMFORT 0310184 is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead formula-fed and breastfed), and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and parts used in service lines ana longer period. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact 912-489-8802. Information making baby formula, flush your pipes for several minutes. You can do this by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a cooking, and making baby formula. Boiling water does not remove lead from water. Before using tap water for drinking, cooking, or Using a filter, certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead, is effective in reducing lead Required Lead Language: Lead can cause serious health effects in people of all ages, especially pregnant people, infants (both load of dishes. If you have a lead service line or galvanized requiring replacement service line, you may need to flush your pipes for a testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at

Lead and Copper Range Data.

Analyte	Date	MCLG	Action	Ra	Range	Units	Violation
77.00	Sampled		Level (AL)	Low	High		
Lead	2021	0	15ppb	0	0	ppb	no
Copper	2021	1.3mg/L	1.3ppm	0	0	ppb	no

visit https://epd.georgia.gov/watershed-protection-branch/drinking-water_ To access all individual Lead Tap Sample results for _ SOUTHERN COMFORT 0310184

compliance with regulatory requirements to minimize lead exposure in drinking water. assess the presence of lead and protect public health. The inventory will support proactive lead reduction efforts and ensure and replace lead service lines. It mandates that all public water systems develop and maintain an inventory of service line materials to The Service Line Inventory (SLI) is a requirement under the Lead and Copper Rule Revisions (LCRR) to help water systems identify

To access the SLI for SOUTHERN COMFORT 0310184 visit (https://ga-epd.120water-ptd.com/